[**https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tYmFsyH7VJY&list=PLS1QulWo1RIb9WVQGJ\_vh-RQusbZgO\_As&index=16**](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tYmFsyH7VJY&list=PLS1QulWo1RIb9WVQGJ_vh-RQusbZgO_As&index=16)

**Notes:**

* The command echo message will echo anything that you write after keyword echo
* This command is very important with bash scripting
* Command echo “custom text” displays the same content but it’s the better practice
* To use variables in the terminal, create a name and assign a value to it, for example myvar=”Hello” (NO SPACES)
* Then to see the variables content, say echo $myvar
* If you create variables this way, they are not global and can only be used during that specific terminal session. If the session is restarted or closed, the custom variables disappear.
* Other examples are:   
  x=10  
  echo “the value of x is $x”  
  This will actiually use the variable x and will echo the value of x.
* If you want to escape something, use echo -e ‘some \t text’
* Other examples include  
  echo -e ‘some \nnewline \tpressed Tab’  
  If you don’t include the e, the escape sequences will not be used